## Translate into Predicate Logic

- 1. Every clever student is ambitious.
- 2. Every ambitious student is clever.
- 3. Every student is both clever and ambitious.
- 4. Every student is either clever or not ambitious.
- 5. Every student who is ambitious is clever.
- 6. Every student who is clever is ambitious.
- 7. Some clever students are ambitious.
- 8. Some clever students are not ambitious.
- 9. Not every clever student is ambitious.
- 10. Not every ambitious student is clever.
- 11. Some ambitious students are not clever.
- 12. No ambitious student is clever.
- 13. No clever student is ambitious.
- 14. No student is either clever or ambitious.
- 15. No student is both clever and ambitious.
- 16. Every ambitious person is a clever student.
- 17. No ambitious person is a clever student.
- 18. Some ambitious persons are not clever students.
- 19. Not every ambitious person is a clever student.
- 20. Not all clever persons are students.
- 21. Unless every professor is friendly, no student is happy.
- 22. Every student is happy, only if every professor is friendly.
- 23. No student is unhappy, unless every professor is unfriendly.

## Translation key:

C(x)	x is clever.
S(x)	x is a student.
A(x)	x is ambitious.
P(x)	x is a person.
R(x)	x is a professor.
F(x)	x is friendly.
H(x)	x is happy.
E(x)	x passes the exam.
I(x)	x fails the exam.
T(x)	x studies.

- 24. If everyone passes the exam, then everyone will be happy.
- 25. If anyone passes the exam, then everyone will be happy.
- 26. If everyone fails the exam, then no one will be happy.
- 27. If anyone fails the exam, then no one will be happy.
- 28. The only students who pass the exam are the ones who study.

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